In this lesson we learn the number from 3 to 10 with feminine ma'dûd. We have already learnt these numbers with masculine ma'dûd, e.g.

ثَلاَثَةُ أَبْنَاءِ Three sons

Now if the ma'dûd is feminine, the "ta-marbûtah" (5) at the end of the number is omitted, e.g.

Note that ثَمَانِي has sukun on the last letter.

Note that عَشْرَةُ has fatha on the (ش) and عَشْرَةُ has sukun.

The feminine of وَاحِدَةٌ is وَاحِدَةٌ), e.g. وَأُنْتَانِ is إِثْنَتَانِ أَخْتٌ وَاحِدَةٌ / لِي أُخْتًان اثْنَتَان .

Ex.1: Read and write.

Ex.2: Read and write.

Ex.3: Answer each of the following questions using the number given in brackets.

Ex.4: Write the numbers appearing in figures in the following sentences in words.

Ex.5: Count from 3 to 10 using the following nouns as ma'dûd.

□ Vocabulary

pl of كَلِمَةٌ word كَلِمَةٌ pl of كَلِمَاتٌ Indonesia إِنْدُوْنِيْسِيَا pl of غُرَفٌ word مَجَلَّةٌ pl of غُرَفٌ magazine, journal حَرُفٌ pl of حُرُوْسٌ letter (of the alphabet), حُرُوْفٌ pl of عَمَّامٌ pl of عَمَّامٌ pl of عَمَّامٌ